The Role of the Government's Economic Management Under Economic Globalization

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Abstract: The main composition of government functions is political functions, economic functions and military functions as well as social functions. In the economic globalization today, the government's management model is also carried out with the continuous economic development of innovation adjustments. Its main content is the economic function. This article for the context of economic globalization, innovation and adjustment of the government's economic management has been the main research.

Keywords: Economic Globalization; Government Functions; Economic Management Functions

1. Introduction

As economic globalization has accelerated, in order to meet the needs of national economic development, the role of government on economic management, China's socialist market economic system also requires its rapid transformation. The main purpose is to change the use of market-based economic system service under the traditional centralized planned economy model for replacement. Therefore, our government's economic management functions are whether to change, and how to change, in the sense that it is extremely important.

2. The WTO Fair Competition and Domestic Law is Consistent in Principle

Today, China has already joined the World Trade Organization, and to follow WTO rules, based on the original to be on China and the WTO between the planned economy purposes, in principle, to modify the rules conflict. In accordance with the provisions of WTO, suited for all current laws and regulations of the reform and opening policy to clean up, change. On the laws and regulations, it should enhance the openness and uniformity compatible. Whoever violate WTO mind and the provisions of laws and regulations, it will be modified or abolished on the content. The specific examples are as follows: 1. For the tariff barriers to international trade, we should be greatly reduced, but also to reduce tariffs so that non-tariff barriers as well as some perverse allow tariffs to legalization for change. 2. Relax the restrictions on foreign access to foreign-invested enterprises in the proportion of exports and local content and technology transfer, foreign exchange balance and other aspects of forced cancellation. Let MFN and national treatment principles unification of all enterprises covered up equally. 3. In the intellectual property rights, we have to continue to strengthen. In the environment for foreign investment, we also have normative as well as the predictability and transparency of sound construction. Meanwhile, repeal the preferential policies as well as opaque and non-uniform policy of unfairness. In the economy to build our country into a successful transition from the socialist market place international investment norms, which laid open to starting point.

3. Greater Efforts to Clean up Administrative Intervention

Traditional planned economic system is the manifestation of authoritarian central government. Through the deployment of a unified national resources to become dependent on government intervention in the economy, the formation of a special historical state of the economy at that time. It has become an important means of government intervention in the economy. These are the manifestation of a planned economy. Therefore we must change the economic system, the intervention of the government's economic management of administrative measures to clean up, adjust and change the government's economic management functions, which has become a pressing issue, but also a sign of the government political changes, effective and reasonable. And we want to open, shift its responsibility. Comprehensive and large-scale plan of the existing approval procedures clean up the economy, cleaning up its bad poise, leaving its essence. Strictly distinct between the intervention and do not apply for separate administrative intervention post conditioning reserved for use in the time frame and transparency and supervision system, clearly reflected on clarity, so that government intervention preserved in efficiency have improved significantly.

4. Establish a Fair Competitive Market Environment

China wants to play competitiveness in the economic globalization, we must first establish a sound in the domestic market and free competition regime for nonstandard. Unreasonable market order need to rectify, and the competition of market economic need unity, fair and open. This requires local governments and the central government as well as legislative and administrative powers, and there is a clear division and regulations. It will not only ensure that the central government leadership position of authority, but also led the local government to mobilize the enthusiasm of the local economy. Therefore, when the local policy in place to develop the open market economy, central need to adjust the local policy, to conduct a comprehensive adjustment against the open market economic policies, ensure that the central government policy execution. The central need use the "Anti-Unfair Competition Law" and "Antimonopoly Law" to restrain and constrain the behavior of local protectionism and containment in the market, to ensure coherence and coordination on international standards. In flourished regulations and normative documents, the central government should be a detailed review of the non-standard and inconsistent policies corrected. It should also set up a special monitoring body to regulate, disrupt the market order and violations of the principle of fairness increase efforts to crack down on the parties carry responsibility for the incident be investigated and audit the system.

The State-owned Enterprises Reform and the Introduction of Strategic Investors. In the long term strategic investors are defined from the perspective of strategic interests to seek long-term cooperation, long-term holders of the Shares who are willing, in the company's governance active participation of institutional investors. He joined the company has injected new vitality, as well as financial and technical personnel has also contributed to the company, but also improve the company managed in the structure. Its performance is evident in the transformation of state-owned enterprise property shares on. To reflect the following aspects: 1. on the willingness to cooperate with enterprises establish long-term cooperative relations. In the management system and production technologies and information search achieve a target company with the formation of resource sharing. 2. In the management organization system, the ability of anti-risk and crisis is strong, and according to the experience of the future

development of possible variables, full and perfect preparation and design. 3. In the incentive system, find a balance point of equilibrium and institutional constraints. Therefore, the choice of strategic investors should conjunct with the company's actual situation. They can not be rushed. Come up with their own advantage in the asset and project, and set up their own unique ideas and concepts, in a favorable position in the competition. All in all, it needs to do the following. 1. seize their own advantage to attract strategic investors for their own development. 2. in the methods and strategies, it should innovate to attract investors, to enhance the main state-owned enterprises competitiveness. 3. the legitimate interests of investors supporting the protection and improvement of investors to play their strategic effect. 4. the cohesion of strategic investors and allowed to grow for the industrial development of the new power.

5. The Construction of Improving the Social Security System

Because of opening up the domestic market to increase, the competition in the market has become increasingly fierce. In the state-owned large and medium enterprises, and government officials because of the industrial structure adjustment and streamlined, resulting in the presence of a large number of unemployed persons. How to arrange those unemployed re-employment, as well as the level of benefits restructuring, it becomes the government to continue to address the difficult issues. Therefore government must be reformed, especially in state-owned enterprise employees in the welfare and security of the institutional, and we should pay more attention. Meanwhile, the government should be on the city's public health thrifty. But also on the existence of underserved rural situation fundamentally reform, and strive in the pension and health insurance and unemployment insurance and other social security system on a comprehensive coverage of the construction, the development of Marxism with Chinese characteristics, and economic development has laid a solid foundation for the development of economic globalization China to provide social security protection.

6. The Relations Between Macroeconomic Management and Micro-economic Management

What is a microeconomic? Microeconomics refers to individual economies. The microeconomic management is the control of individual economies planning. Businesses and corporate behavior constitutes a microeconomic. At the same time, through price and market manipulation of microeconomic model control the operation. Through market-based instruments such as competition maintain microeconomic balance. Therefore, microeconomic management rely on the market. The changes in the market will lead to changes in microeconomic management. If the violation of the operation of the market will certainly make microeconomic not be working properly. Therefore, the government should follow its own rules, each for their own selfish interests and do not monopolize the market so that the market confusion.

What is a macroeconomic? Macroeconomic refers to the total amount of economic activity, based on a whole computing concept. It through the national economy to show. Such as GDP and its growth rate is one of the most important factors. Also included prices, employment rates, unemployment rates, currency, trade value, and so on. All these sustains macroeconomics. So the actions through the entire country, using a variety of means, from the overall interests of the macroeconomic regulation. In economic terms, the government starts from the overall, global control, in particular on the demand and supply more in-depth. In the government's macro-control, especially from the macroeconomic management more depart, overall use of macroeconomic policies and economic laws and regulations, and other objectives, the total amount of the market economy and the structure of regulation and control, which reflects the government in the national economy on the overall management.

Macroeconomic and microeconomic in nature is similar. There is a small part of the common ground. So in the management of the government to the macroeconomic and microeconomic in the positioning, the starting point should be the same. Microeconomic resource allocation in the market will be the government's behavior. Meanwhile, in the development of national economy, it also led to the development of deformities because of government neglect. Therefore, the microeconomic management, and the positioning of macroeconomic management, the country's economic development is extremely important. How the macroeconomic and microeconomic role play in the State of its location, the authors believe that the following aspects should be grasped.

First, from microeconomic and macroeconomic management scope, they also belongs to a small economies range. Countries in the positioning of its scope there are differences. Overall, infrastructure and resources, national industry segments and the total supply of public resources, the overall layout of the planned economy with a range of macroeconomic regulation and control belong. But the crowd economical range is more refinement. It is more specific in scope and detail, and a wider range. Including natural resources development, utilization, environmental policy, ecological protection policies, the qualification management and behavioral management of enterprise and industry management, and institutional markets, prices, contracts, advertisers, between the labor market management, etc., so that in these economic management process, the government will clear its levels of management, from microeconomic and macroeconomic level, as a targeted take concrete measures to ensure the healthy and rapid development of economic .

Second, on the regulation means, use an indirect means of its macroeconomic management. The macroeconomic management is mainly for the national supply of public goods. The means is based on total control and total demand. Today, administrative and legal means, economic means for the national macro-control tube total component. For example, credit policy, tax policy, exchange rate policy and pro-poor policies and industrial policies. Microeconomic management is mainly suitable for the micro economy and its behavior, correct and management. These management companies are directed and disturb the market order specific acts and other acts of management, so the mode of administration means more direct. The main performance is the direct control and incentive market.

Third, from the management level in terms of purpose, macroeconomic and microeconomic are also similar. The main reason of micro-management is the market, and information on the external effects of the presence of a small symmetrical. These will lead to action on the market in resource allocation failure, resulting in the development of market economy and disordered state. Therefore, it is necessary to use the power of government to regulate control. At the microeconomic management, the government's main responsibility is to protect the market in allocating resources under the orderly conduct. The main purpose of macroeconomic is through management to develop the national economy, in the aggregate balance, and to ensure gradual increase production levels. It includes the employment rate increasing, reducing unemployment and price stability. Make the national economy develop growth in the steady environment.

Conclusion

In summary, Chinese government in economic management functions, especially on the macro-control, need to form innovation system with Chinese characteristics, the development of the market economy and the rule of law, building construction for rapid improvement. In today's globalized economy, we want to reposition the functions of government, according to the principle of property rights circles, to solve the problems excessive government intervention in the economy. Make the construction of government functions and service-oriented shift of finite type, so that our more globalized economy.

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