

# Discussion on the Curing Method of Bulb Flower as Indoor Plant Landscape

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**Abstract:** In recent years, the smog in Tianjin has become more and more serious, and the sales volume of air purifiers has increased year by year. However, if it is used for a long time, it may lead to difficulty in accepting the external environment. At this time, more people will choose green plants as air. The purifier, placed in the room, is both visually satisfying and allows us to feel healthy in a low-carbon way. The principle of styling and matching of plants is very important. The aesthetic principles should also be applied here. In the process of plant growth, it is very important to maintain it, so that it can save time and meet the fast-paced life of modern people's demand.

**Keywords:** Indoor plants; Modeling; Conservation

## 1. Introduction

### 1.1. Space design

There are many kinds of spatial forms formed by plants. The psychological feelings brought by different spatial scales and the relationship between plant space and crowd activities are different. The purpose of plant landscape space design is to grasp the characteristics of different plant landscape spaces and create a comfortable and humanized plant landscape space [1].

### 1.2. Aesthetic evaluation

Through reviewing relevant literatures at home and abroad, it is concluded that the aesthetic evaluation of garden plant landscapes in the industry is mostly on the level of visual aesthetics, often ignoring the aesthetic subject-human subjective feelings, that is, psychological perception. The aesthetic subject mainly examines the beauty of the plant landscape through three aspects: ecological aesthetics, visual aesthetics and psychological aesthetics [2]. We are more about creating a subjective mood and comfort and convenience and advantages.

### 1.3. Modeling

#### 1.3.1. Combination

When making a small bonsai, put together different plant combinations. At this time, you need to understand the performance of the plants you use, and promote the growth and complementary plants to prolong the life of the plants while saving. Care time.

#### 1.3.2. Matching

When decorating the interior, you need to know the interior layout and color matching. Dark tones can be com-

bined with brighter plants such as tulips and chrysanthemums, which make the house feel very lively. The warm colours can be decorated with some green plants, such as rich bamboo. According to the indoor light intensity, different plants can be selected. The bedroom can be put with some jasmine, cloves, etc., and does not need too much sunlight. The balcony can put some green radish and the like, which is conducive to his growth.

#### 1.3.3. Trimming

Different styles and different types of plants have different artistic characteristics, construction methods and application environments. In the process of plant landscape planning and design, factors such as plant morphology and plant space that should be shaped should be analyzed, and then appropriate Plant modeling pruning landscape types for application design [3]. When you select the types, when you combine them, you should trim the plants according to the type you want. If you have a primary or secondary, if you have a large space, you can do some cut flowers, L-shaped or inverted T-shaped.

## 2. Bulb Flower Cultivation Technique and Maintenance Method

### 2.1. Breeding method

divided into spring planting and autumn planting. The main breeding methods include ball splitting method (molecular ball, cutting cue ball), cutting method (twig cutting, leaf cutting), seeding method.

### 2.2. Cultivation management

need loose, fertile, well-drained soil, avoid wet, sunny, and suitable temperature. Pay attention to the protection of leaves and roots, pay attention to pest control, soil disinfection, bulb sterilization, proper thinning, enhanced ventilation, avoid high temperature and high humidity, spray regularly, find out the diseased plants in time and destroy them to prevent continuous cropping.

### 2.3. Cultivation techniques and conservation

fertilization, shallow root crops, shallow application. Base fertilizer, soil miscellaneous fertilizer 300kg/μ, seven cake fat 30kg. Topdressing, two-leaf stage: manure water + urea, mainly N in the early stage, re-apply a potash fertilizer in the medium term, and control N in the later stage.

### 2.4. Water cultivating and engraving techniques of narcissus

Stripping the skin and residual roots, soaking in water for 1-2 days, placing in a shallow basin, fixing with pebbles, soaking the bulbs to about 3 cm, keeping the roots at 15-18 °C, and the bud length is 5-6 cm. Cool down to 7-12 °C.

## 3. Simple Cultivation Process

### 3.1. Preparation before planting

When planting in open field, you should choose the place to avoid the wind and the sun and the fertile soil. First, plow the land, apply the base fertilizer, build the raft or ditch the plant.

### 3.2. Planting

When the depth is planted, the depth of the ditching is 2 times of the height of the bead, and it should not be too deep. Otherwise, it is not easy to divide the ball and often cause decay, but the planting is too shallow and susceptible to freezing damage and drought, and planting a line of the ball from the line. The size ranges from 5-15 cm.

### 3.3. Post-plant management

proper irrigation after planting to promote rooting  
Management after wintering: the proper coverage in the cold regions of northern China will help the roots grow in autumn and winter and the next year.

flower. The cover should be removed early before thawing in early spring.

Flowering management: During the flowering and flowering period from the end of March to the beginning of April, it is necessary to check and remove the mixed impure varieties in time. Because the varieties are easy to cross, it is best to isolate and plant the plants without cutting flowers, and the flowers should not be removed. So as not to affect the growth of the bulb.

### 3.4. Dormancy management

At the beginning of June, the leaves of the upper part of the ground fall into dormancy, when one third of the stems and leaves are yellow, the bulbs are dug out. (The bulbs rise when the stems are dry and yellow in the early summer.) They are stored in a cool dry place after being dried in the shade. Topdressing: Winter Liji roots, before the Spring Festival flowering, topdressing 2 times.

### 3.5. Promote the carrier

At the end of September, the flower buds in the stem have been differentiated and can be transferred to the cold storage for low temperature treatment. The temperature of the previous stage is controlled at 9 °C, preferably 5 °C for one month, for a total of 63-77 days. Bulbs can be cultivated in a timely manner according to different flowering periods, and potted plants are used to promote cultivation, such as flowering on New Year's Day.

## 4. Indoor Plant Landscape Application

The "green" trend of interior design development, the application of indoor ornamental plants, the design and composition of indoor plant landscapes, the application of indoor plant landscape design in different spaces, the prospect of indoor plant landscape design, and the study of ornamental plants indoors. The status quo, role, current problems and future development trends of the application in design, the theory and method of ornamental plant application in interior design are proposed, which provides a concrete reference for the application of contemporary ornamental plants in interior design [4].

Contemporary people use plants to decorate the room more to purify the air. People with sufficient time will come to cultivate the sentiment, but more young people have no time to take care of these plants. We have discussed this series of questions, and more are resistant. The live, easy, and time-saving variety is the bulb flower we mentioned in the text. In terms of aesthetics and cultivation management, it can better meet the needs of most people.

## 5. Acknowledgment

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